

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Whig and Courier."

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1887.

President Cleveland's Message.

We place before the readers of THE WHIG this morning the full text of President Cleveland's message to the Fifteenth Congress. The President adopts an entirely new and novel departure inasmuch as his message is wholly devoted to a discussion of the revenue question, and is confined to about six thousand words, or less than half the usual length of documents of this character, the latter feature of the message being one that will command the approbation of the public generally. The message will be much more acceptable to the Republicans than to the Democrats, as it is an out and out free trade argument, although not a particularly brilliant one. Heretofore the Democrats have tried to disguise their hostility to protection under a lot of meaningless phrases in a national campaign, constructing a platform that is interpreted in one locality as favoring protection, and in another as sound free trade doctrine, but Mr. Cleveland has furnished material for a clear cut issue in the next contest that the Republicans will not only gladly accept but will hold them right up to the mark, for upon the line of campaign mapped out by the President New York, New Jersey and Connecticut which, as the New York *Herald* admits are "protectionist States," can be counted upon to roll up safe Republican majorities against the Democratic party on Mr. Cleveland's platform. The President thinks that there is danger of a financial panic by reason of the accumulating surplus, and others are ready to suggest that the tariff on imports be reduced the effect of which, however, would be to hasten rather than retard the emergency the President predicts, for to lower the duties of course means to increase our imports thereby swelling rather than reducing the revenue of the government. His manner of treating the tariff question which he declares should be met in a patriotic rather than a partisan spirit is commendable in a degree more in keeping with the irreconcileable free trade champion than the President of the United States addressing the people through their representatives in Congress. Free wool and free raw material seem to be the especial target at which he has trained his free trade gun, but like others before him who have tried over and over again this bold stand, he refrains from any suggestions as to what constitutes raw materials, knowing full well that the moment he attempts to be at all specific that moment he is afraid, for what represents raw materials in one industry is of itself the product of labor that gives employment to hundreds of hands before it reaches the factory or foundry. Mr. Cleveland's idea of prosperity seems to be a market filled with cheap goods, but a more potent factor to the welfare of the working people is the ability to buy these goods, and that, thanks to the protection of American industry and labor, they possess to a degree equalled by no similar class of people on the face of the globe, because they are paid a fair compensation for a fair day's work. It is not our purpose to analyze the message in detail this morning, however. We desire our readers to see for themselves how completely President Cleveland has gone over to the Carlisle free trade wing of his party.

Significant Figures.

The Indianapolis *Journal* has been at the trouble of gathering and tabulating the statistics of the recent elections in several States, with the view of showing the gains and losses of the Third Party Prohibitionists. Here is the showing, which seems to be as accurate as could well be made, viz.:

	Gain.	Loss.
New York,	4,450	—
Ohio,	1,619	—
Kentucky,	31,400	—
Iowa,	1,405	—
New Jersey,	5,400	—
Pennsylvania,	14,000	—
Illinois,	1,300	—
Maine,	779	—
Massachusetts,	2,202	—
Maryland,	2,202	—
Indiana,	54	—
Totals,	5,357	55,765
Net loss,	—	47,408

The figures plainly indicate how utterly hopeless are the prospects of the Third Party of helping any service in suppressing the saloons, while they very strongly indicate how it can continue to be useful to the Democratic party.

Washington News.

TO RESTRICT IMMIGRATION—A BILL PREPARED BY SENATOR PALMER.

Among the bills to be introduced in the Senate none is more radical or far-reaching than one drafted by Senator Palmer of Michigan, to restrict immigration. While it does not prohibit the further immigration of foreigners it fixes such restrictions that if it becomes a law the increase of population from foreign countries will be greatly lessened. The bill provides that every passenger not a citizen of the United States shall be required to pay a sum of money, the amount to be fixed hereafter, and the owners of vessels in which such passengers shall be held responsible for the payment of the money before the passenger is allowed to land.

The second section directs the Secretary of the Treasury to execute the act and provide for its enforcement. Each immigrant must make payment of his duty previous to the agent of the Treasury Department a certificate from the United States Consul in the district where he comes, setting forth that the Consul has made upon diligent inquiry that he is a suitable person to become a citizen in the United States.

The Secretary of State under the fourth section provides rules and issues instructions to Consuls in the United States not inconsistent with law, and authorizes agents that shall enable well-disposed and worthy persons who desire to become citizens of the United States to obtain certificates of character and fitness without hardship or unnecessary expense. Such certificates shall contain the full name of the individual to whom they are issued with such other information as may be necessary for his identification. No certificate shall be granted to any person who has been guilty of crime, nor to any person of bad character, nor to any person who fails to satisfy the Consul that he is a fit and worthy citizen.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in the fifth section, is directed to prescribe regulations for the return to the ports from which they came of all vessels that are not permitted to land. The sixth section provides for the punishment of masters and owners of vessels who shall bring to the United States immigration without such certificates and the remaining section provides for the removal of such vessels.

In speaking of his bill today Senator Palmer said that he had long held the views which are expressed in the measure he proposes to introduce. He does not want this country to continue to be an

asylum for all the discontented beings on earth.

"We have shut out one race because it was alien and un-American," he said. "We now have a quarantine system to protect us against physical contagion. Why is it not equally important to have a moral and political quarantine mandatory to the end that men entering colonies or vagrants, as the case may be, be healthy to our theory of government. An Anti-Slavery, Anti-Saloon, Anti-Socialistic movement should be exacted."

We still have room for brain and brawn, but they must be directed by loyalty to order and good government. I believe we have swallowed as much extraneous matter as we have ever吞ed. The Socialistic demonstrations as well as the Anarchist movement in this country are the result."

"Do you think the bill will prevent immigration?"

"It is not directed against wholesome immigration, but it will restrict the flood of undesirable foreigners who are rushing to this country. My opinion is that it will reduce the present immigration about 50 per cent."

PAN-ELECTRIC DEFICIENCIES—MONEY WHICH THE GOVERNMENT WILL HAVE TO PAY FOR BEING DISBURSED.

It is understood that one of the largest items to be sent to Congress on account of deficiencies by the Department of Justice will be that for the payment of "special counsel" for the Government, the lion's share of which is chargeable to the costly litigation between the Pan-Electric Association and their speculative associates. The litigation has been nearly two years in progress at great cost to the United States and thus far the Government has lost \$1,000,000 at over \$100 a day. The Circuit Court in Massachusetts, despite the learned opinions of Secretary Lamar and the Democratic members of the House Judiciary Committee, has decided that the Attorney General can not sustain a suit to annul a patent for an invention unless authorized by Congress to do so.

From that decision the Department of Justice has appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States, and therefore the expensive legal expenses will be continued. The learned ex-Solicitor General, John Gould, is content. Mr. Gould spends most of his time in Washington, and appears to be the legal counsel of the Pan-Electric. It is not known that the company is particularly wealthy, and it is believed that the Attorney General will be somewhat disturbed when the question of making an appropriation for the big fees of himself and the other Pan-Electric counsel shall come before the Senate. It is known that the company will insist on a full disclosure of all the facts respecting the pending litigation, as well as a detailed account of the expenses of the Pan-Electric, and the expenses of the learned ex-Solicitor General, John Gould, in connection with the defense of the company.

PETER BENNETT, Esq., of Boston, Mass., has filed a bill in the U. S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, asking for a writ of habeas corpus to release him from custody.

Arriving at Norfolk Friday, December 14th, at 2:30 P.M.

Arriving at New York, Friday, December 14th, at 2:30 P.M.

Arriving at Bangor, Maine, Saturday, December 15th, at 10 A.M.

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Hop and Cigar.

A New Corn Packing Factory.

SACO, Dec. 6. The farmers of Hollis, Buxton, Dayton and Waterboro are making an effort to establish a corn packing factory at Bar Mills. A. L. Phinney, of Westbrook, agreed to fit up and run the establishment if the farmers of the vicinity will erect a suitable building, except it from taxation and guarantee to raise three hundred acres of corn each season. At an adjourned meeting of the farmers interested in the enterprise, held at Buxton yesterday, a committee was appointed to solicit subscriptions for stock for the erection of the building. One hundred and seventy acres of sweet corn have already been pledged, and it is believed the amount can readily be raised to three hundred acres.

The City Club for Gas.

The Saco and Biddeford Gas Company has entered a suit against the city of Saco for \$206 for gas consumed in street lights last year, from the time the electric light was introduced to the close of the year. The city acknowledges its indebtedness but disputes the amount of the bill. The case will be tried at the January term of the Supreme Court.

OPINIONS OF THE MESSAGE.

A Good Enough Campaign Document for the Republicans.

Very Pleasing to British Free Traders.

FROM PORTLAND.
Brooke Jail, but Recaptured.

PORTLAND, Dec. 6. This morning two prisoners in the Portland jail, George Hatch, in for breaking and entering, and David Jack, in for rustling, while living in stock at the door of the jail, broke away and ran for freedom. The superintendent gave chase and caught Jack. Hatch got a dory and rowed across the bar to the Marine Hospital. He was caught an hour later by Deputy Sheriff Sargent, as he was crossing the bridge.

FROM THOMASTON.

Annual Visit to the State Prison.

THOMASTON, Dec. 6. The Executive委员 are visiting the Maine State Prison. Gov. Bodwell, who was to have been with them, is absent on account of illness.

NEW GRANITE QUARRY

Operated Near Blue Hill.

ROCKLAND, Dec. 6. Brown, McAllister & Co. have opened a new granite quarry at Long Island, near Blue Hill, and are making preparations to commence work on a large scale. A wharf three hundred feet long has been constructed, which extends out of water at the extreme extent of the pier. A railroad track connects the quarry and wharf over which the granite is transported. A small crew is now working on the job. They shipped recently to New York 31,000 paving blocks.

FIRE HISTORIC MAINE.

Testimony by Hon. Joseph Williamson. BROOKLYN, Dec. 6. An address was delivered this evening by Hon. Joseph Williamson before the Belfast Scientific Association, on pre-Historic Maine. He claimed the discovery and occupation of Maine by the Northmen during the seventh century was evinced by stone work, rock inscriptions and copper implements found at Monhegan, Machias, Harpswell, Newcastle, and other places on the coast.

FROM CAMDEN.

Death of a Veteran of the 1812 War.

LAWRENCE, Dec. 6. Francis Fletcher, a veteran of the war of 1812, came down town yesterday, signed his pension papers, went home and died. He was about ninety years old.

He was a native of Lincolnshire, was postmaster and also Sheriff of Wiltshire County. He built and kept the hotel at Lincolnton Center.

DOVER'S WATER WORKS.

The Test Proves Entirely Satisfactory.

DOVER, Dec. 6. The new water works in Dover and Foxcroft have been tested very satisfactorily to the officers of the department. A stream was thrown over the chimney of Mayo's factory and to the top of the spire of the Methodist Church. The department has about 2,000 feet of hose which can be used and the tanks are considered safe from freezing.

POSTMASTER APPOINTED.

At South Monmouth, Maine.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6. A. F. Thirkham, has been appointed postmaster at South Monmouth, Me.

SHORT LOBSTERS.

Commissioner Converse on the War Path.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6. Fish Commissioner Converse and his wardens continue to wage war on the short lobster takers. Since October all wardens Barbour and Morris of Portland, have seized and put back into the sea 2,124 short lobsters. If these were to remain a few weeks they would be worth five cents instead of one. Ships have reported to a shrewd dodge to avoid being prosecuted in event of short lobsters being taken before their shipment. In the case of the recent seizure in Portland of a number of barrels addressed to a New York firm the under side of the tag, instead of the shipper's name as usually the case, bore a private mark representing a duty fastened to a stake. As the tags on the lobsters were marked this way, the wardens can confiscate the lobsters but cannot prosecute the shippers for the private mark tells us that.

FROM FARMINGTON.

Death of a Prominent Citizen.

FARMINGTON, Dec. 6. Gen. George W. Clark, a leading citizen of New Vineyard, died last night, aged nearly seventy-four years. He was at one time in the State where he acquired his title. He was prominent in the councils of the Democratic party, being elected State Senator from time, twice represented his district in the House, and was one of the candidates for elector in the Greeley campaign. He has also filled various county and town offices and was a man generally respected and looked up to by all in this section.

Quickly Followed Her Husband.

Mrs. Betsy B. Morse, wife of Rev. W. A. Morse, died last night, aged eighty-two years. She lived just three days after the death of her husband.

FROM RICHMOND.

House Burglarized.

SACARAPPA, Dec. 6. The residence of John E. Warren, agent of S. D. Warren & Co.'s paper mills, at Cumberland Mills, was burglarized just now. The thieves secured a large quantity of silverware and about \$75 in cash.

SWEEP OUT OF EXHIBITION.

A Family Get Down in Their Boxes.

KENTON, Ky., Dec. 6. A. Alfred Buly was day agreed upon for re-election as president of the Richmond and West Point Terminal Company, the honor being declined by Messrs. Inniss and Rockefeller.

The new directors will meet again for three weeks in the absence of the family, the barn on that estate was destroyed by fire.

Mr. Brown had no suspicion that the boy was the thief, but some of the neighbors were so anxious that a festive was set to watch him, and after a week's work he taxed Buly with setting the fires, and he owed to having done so. Mr. Brown then told him he would have to leave the house, and he did so, and the boy was sent to the Home for Little Wanderers, and he got a place as a laborer and 30 cents to spend on the road. He also telephoned to Mr. Cooper, the superintendent of the home, that the boy was on his way. As the gentleman was aware of the boy's conduct, he did not go to the police to meet him. Mr. Brown had intimated to the superintendent that the boy would full details by mail.

Yesterday morning, W. P. Morrill, agent for the New York Insurance Company, the father of Mr. Brown, and Rev. Mr. Cooper, the lad's teacher, met at the home of Mrs. Foster, William H. Rockefeller, and John H. Lincoln.

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Real Estate.

For Rent.

FOR SALE.—A very desirable house in very desirable locality.
East Street, in pleasant location, 10 minutes walk from the Post Office.
FOR \$125.—A house in good condition, pleasantly located, 100 feet from the Post Office.
TRAILL'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
6 Kenduskeag Block.
BOSTON

FOR SALE.—House, stable and blacksmith shop. About 8 acres of land will be sold separately, or as a whole, situated Broadwater. Must be sold immediately.
D. O. PEALH,
2nd East Bangor.

FOR RENT.

The very desirable dwelling house No. 11 East Street, in pleasant Post Office. Has stable attached. Stone cellar, new furnace, Holly water, gas & good gasometer. For particular inquiries, H. M. EMERY,
post

FOR RENT.

Dwelling house 112 State Street, convenient for business or private residence.
HOWLER & MERRILL,
post

FOR RENT.

A nice tenement No. 51 First Street, containing seven rooms, Holly water, good central heat, and good room. For further information call on Mr. G. GOHDE, 15 State Street, or 20 First Street.
post

House for Rent.

A pleasant House with twelve rooms, may be used for 16 families on Park Street, a short walk from the Post Office. Has stable attached. Stone cellar, new furnace, Holly water, gas & good gasometer. For particular inquiries, H. M. EMERY,
post

FOR RENT.

A small, convenient cottage house, conveniently located on a hill overlooking the town, with a fine view of Brewer Bridge. Address, G. W. LADD, 74 Exchange St., post

FOR RENT.

Cottage house on Thomas Street, close to Holly Water. Inquire of J. C. Flint at Post Office.
post

Hotel Men Attention!

Valuable Hotel and Laundry paring business which calls for away visitors to the furniture and fixtures, also a large amount of laundry work. The hotel is well equipped with the latest baggage, if not at once. For further information call on Mr. W. H. PARSONS.
post

FOR Rent.

A pleasant newly fitted up business office at law office of H. J. PHINNEY,
post

FOR SALE.

Town N. 18 State Street.
BOSTON TRUST AND BANKING CO.
post

For Sale.

One good family house, one room parlor, one rating bedroom, one parlor, two high express wagons and three fine horses, for sale by CHARLES H. HOWARD,
No. 41 Jefferson Street.
post

FOR SALE.

One good family house, one room parlor, one rating bedroom, one parlor, two high express wagons and three fine horses, for sale by CHARLES H. HOWARD,
No. 41 Jefferson Street.
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Heavy Horses for Sale.

Six first-class driving horses, averaging 16 hands, each having a high express wagon.
A. W. HULLIGER & SON,
BOSTON

Wanted. Lost. Found, etc.

WANTED.

A number of ladies or gentlemen landlords to accommodate No. 2 Main Street. First class house and rooms, 160 to 180 front feet, for gentlemen and ladies, with or without bath. G. H. WHISH,
post

WANTED.

A capable cook, also a nurse, to take care of children. Apply at 36 State Street, between 7 and 9 P.M.
post

Piano Rent.

A fine-toned 7 octave Chickering Piano, to rent by the year. N. S. HARLOW,
post

Good rooms to let by the day or week. No. 2 Pickering Square. 3m.
post

DEPT'S STATE.

Is the Best for

OIL STOVES.

For Sale by the Trade.
post

DEPT'S STATE.

I have left my office in charge of
C. P. SMALL.

Dr. Small was in my office five years and has been in practice for himself five years. I can recommend him to all who require his services.

DR. PHILANDER EVANS,
State Street, Bangor, Me.
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The President's Message.

(Continued From First Page.)
The people can hardly hope for any consideration in the operation of these selfish schemes. It however, in the absence of such combination, a healthy and free competition will produce the price of any particular commodity. The limit which it might otherwise reach under our tariff laws, and if with such reduced prices manufacturers continue to thrive, it is entirely evident that one thing has been done in the interest of the public, and fully justified in an effort to reduce taxation. The necessity of combination to maintain the price of any commodity to a tariff point, furnishes proof that sometimes it is necessary to sacrifice the public welfare to the private interests, and that such prices are remunerative, and lower prices produced by competition prove the same thing. Thus where either of these conditions exist, a case would seem to be presented for an investigation of the tariff.

The considerations which have been presented, touching our tariff laws, are intended only to enforce an earnest recommendation that the surplus revenues of the Government be prevented by the reduction of the cost of doing business. At the same time to emphasize the suggestion that in accomplishing this purpose, we may discharge a double duty to our people, by granting them a measure of relief from taxes, and from sources where it can be most fairly and justly accorded. Nor can the presentation made of such consideration be, with any degree of fairness, regarded as evidence of unfriendly or antagonistic manufacturing interests, or of any lack of appreciation of their value and importance.

These interests constitute a leading and most substantial element of our national greatness, and furnish proud proof of our country's progress. But we must remember that we are upon us, our manufacturers are asked to surrender something for the public good, and to avert disaster, their patriotism, as well as a grateful recognition of advantages already afforded, should lead them to a willing compliance.

No demand is made that they shall forego all the benefits of governmental regard, but they cannot fail to be admonished of their duty, as well as their enlightened self-interest, and when they are reminded that they have the right to demand a reduction, to which the present condition tends, afford no greater shelter or protection to our manufacturers than to our other important enterprises.

"REFORM" ON THE FREE TRADE BASIS.

Opportunity for safe, careful and deliberate reform is now offered and none of us should be unmindful of a time when an unposed and irritated people, heedless of their rights, and unable to find relief, may insist on a radical and sweeping rectification of their wrongs.

The difficulty attending a wise and fair revision of our tariff law is not underestimated. It will require the part of the Congressmen to be equally frank, especially a broad and national conception of the subject, and a patriotic disregard of local and selfish claims and the recklessness of the welfare of the entire country.

Under the present law there are more than four thousand articles not subject to duty. Many of these do not in any way compete with our own manufactures, and many are hardly worth attention as subjects of revenue, but considerable attention will be given in the aggregate to adding them to the free list.

Exemption of luxuries prevents no feature of hardship, but the necessities of life consumed by all the people, the duty upon which adds to the cost of living, even though the price greatly cheapened. The natural reduction of duties imposed upon the raw material used in the manufacture of its free importation is of course an important factor in any effort to reduce the price of these necessary articles.

It would not only relieve them from the increased cost caused by the importation of such material, but the manufacturers, producing thus cheapened that part of the tariff now laid upon such products, as a compensation to our manufacturers for the loss of revenue, would be accordingly modified. Such reduction of free importation would serve beside to largely reduce the revenue. It is not apparent how such a change can have any appreciable effect on our manufacturers. On the contrary, it would appear to offer them a better chance in foreign markets with the manufacturers of other countries who cheapen their wares by free material.

That our people may have the opportunity to extend their field beyond the limits of home consumption, and thereby from the depression, interruption in business and loss caused by a glutted domestic market and a blighting their employees more than a kindly labor with resulting quietude and tranquility, is a legitimate violation of these principles.

The question thus imperatively presented for solution should be approached with a spirit higher than partisanship and considered in the light of that regard for patriotic duty which should characterize the acts of the constituents entrusted with the weight of the conducting power. But the obligation to declare party policy and principle is not wanting to urge prompt and effective action. Both of the great political parties have, by their respective platforms, condemned the condition of our country which permit the collection from the people of unnecessary revenue, and have in a most solemn manner promised its correction, and neither citizens or partisans are to be permitted to stand by and condone the deliberate violation of these principles.

Our progress toward a more conclusion will not be improved by dwelling on the theories of protection and free trade. This saves too much ballyhooing epithets. It is a condition which admits of a theory. Relief from this condition will not involve a slight reduction of the advantages, but the entire withdrawal of such advantages, may not be contemplated. The question of the time is not whether it is irrelevant and the persistent clinging to certain quarters than all efforts to relieve the people from unjust and unnecessary taxation. The schemes of so-called friends are merely to be taken down in my mind.

The simple and plain duty which we owe to the people is to reduce taxation to the necessary expenses of an economical administration of the government, and to restore the inviolability of the money which we hold in the treasury through the perversions of governmental powers. These things can and should be done with safety to all classes, without danger to the particularly fortunate, or to persons who are working hard, and with benefit to all our people by cheapening the means of subsistence and increasing the measure of their comforts.

The Constitution provides that the President shall from time to time give to the Congress information of the state of the Union. It is the duty of the members of the Executive in compliance with this provision, at the opening of its session, to the general condition of the country, and to detail with some particularity the operations of the different departments, so far as it would be especially agreeable to follow this up at the present time and so call attention to the valuable accomplishments of these departments during the last fiscal year.

I am as much impressed with the fact that this communication is the subject to which my attention is called, as with any other. I have immediate consideration of the "state of the Union" as shown in present consideration of our country, and our general physical situation, upon which our general prosperity depends.

The reports of heads of departments, which will be submitted, contain full and explicit information touching the conduct of the business intrusted to them, and also the various measures relating to legislation in the public interest.

I ask for these reports and recommendations the deliberate examination and enactment of the legislative branch of government.

There are other subjects not embraced in the departmental reports, demanding legislative consideration, and which should be glad to submit. Some of them, however, have been earnestly presented in previous messages, and to them I beg leave to refer for recommendations.

As the law makes no provision for any report from the Department of State, of the history of the transactions of that important department, together with other materials which may hereafter be deemed essential to command the attention of the Congress, I desire to have a copy of the same for future communication.

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